Moravian CollegeSyllabusArt History 113 C: Global Perspectives in Art History to the RenaissanceFall 2010 8/30/10 -12/17/10 MW 2:35-3:45 pm, Comenius 005Professor KearnsMarthaKearns@Msn.com

Availability: Best time for a conference is immediately before or after class. If this is inconvenient, a phone conference can be arranged.

Course Goals

Students will gain an aesthetic, cultural, and critical understanding of the fine arts of painting, sculpture, and architecture from the birth of art (circa 30,000 B.C.) to early Renaissance (1420 A.D.) in the western and non-western traditions. Students will gain an understanding of the religious and cultural values of each historical period and tradition as well as a cross-cultural understanding of the development of the fine arts. Students will also acquire use of the vocabulary of the fine arts to critically discuss and analyze works of art orally and in written form.

(This course meets LinC Requirement for M6/Liberal Education Guideline IIB.)

Required Texts for purchase

Laurie Schneider Adams, <u>Art Across Time, Volume I: Prehistory to the Fourteenth</u> <u>Century</u>, Fourth Edition, New York: McGraw Hill, 2009.

Course Requirements

- 1. Students must attend all classes and bring the required text to each class.
- 2. Students must complete two analyses, a midterm and final exam.
- 3. Students must attend the New York City Field Trip as assigned.
- 4. Students must complete the group projects as assigned.

Evaluation

Grading: 30% of your grade is determined by written work; 30% by the midterm and final exam, 30% by group projects, and 10% by attendance.

Papers: there will be an Aesthetic Analysis required on two different topics. Criteria for these will be given beforehand.

Group Projects: There are two group projects, The Medieval Exhibit, and the Final Project, The Seven Wonders of the World Presentation.Criteria for each will be given beforehand.

Exams: There will be a Midterm and a Final Exam, identifying, comparing, and analyzing images from the text. A preparatory study list for each exam will be given out beforehand.

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Week 1/	August 30 and September 1
	Introduction, Paleolithic Painting and Sculpture
	Read Adams, pp 1-42.
Week 2/	Wednesday September 8 only
	Neolithic and Ancient Near East
	Read Adams, pp 43-77.
Week 3/	September 13 and September 15
	Ancient Egypt
	Read Adams, pp 78-111.
	Seven Wonders of the World Meeting #1 September 13
<u>Week 4/</u>	September 20 and September 22
	The Aegean: The Cycladic, Minoan and Mycenean
	Read Adams, pp 112-127.
	Aesthetic Analysis I due September 20
Week 5/	September 27 and September 29
	Archaic to Classical Greece
	Read Adams, pp 128-159.
	Medieval Manuscript Exhibit Meeting #1 September 29
Week 6/	October 4 and October 6
	Classical Greece
	Read Adams, pp 160-180.
	Mid-term Exam October 6
<u>Week 7/</u>	Wenesday, October 13 only
	No class, Fall Recess October 11
	Classical Greece
	Read Adams, pp 160-180.
Week 8/	October 18 and October 20
	The Etruscans and China
	Read Adams, pp 181-200.
	Seven Wonders Meeting #2 October 18

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- Week 9/October 25 and October 27Rome and the Roman Empire
Read Adams, pp 201-244.Medieval Manuscript Exhibit Meeting #2 October 25
- Week 10/November 1 and November 3The Indus ValleyRead Adams, pp 245-256.Note: Required Field Trip to New York Cityscheduled for Friday, November 5.
- Week 11/November 8 and November 10Jewish, Early Christian and Byzantine
Buddhism and Hinduism
Read Adams, pp 257-292, pp 293-303, pp 420-434
Aesthetic Analysis II due November 8
Medieval Manuscript Exhibit Final Meeting #3 November 8
- Week 12/November 15 and November 17Early Middle Ages, Islam, Romanesque
Read Adams, pp 305-334, pp 353-379
Seven Wonders Meeting #3 November 15
- Week 13/November 22 only--Happy Thanksgiving
Gothic Art, Read Adams, pp 380-417.
Mesoamerica and the Andes, Read Adams, pp 335-352
Reception for Medieval Exhibit at HUB tentatively
scheduled for Monday, November 22.
- Week 14/November 29 and December 1Precursors of the Renaissance
Read Adams, pp 435-461.
Seven Wonders Meeting #4 November 29
- Week 15/December 6 and December 8Seven Wonders Presentations Due December 6and 8, Voting December 8
- Week 16/December 14Final Exam Scheduled for Tuesday, December 14,
at 1: 30 pm

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AESTHETIC ELEMENTS OF PAINTING

- 1. Line, visible or invisible, is used to create directionality, compositional focus, and/or dimension. It may be **regular**, i.e., vertical, or spiral, or **lines in relation to one another**, i.e., parallel, or **irregular**, i.e., an uneven wave.
- 2. Shape is regular two dimensional geometric, i.e., an oval or trapezoid, or irregular or biomorphic two dimensional, i.e. organic. Shape may be open or closed, and used to represent known objects, express emotions or ideas.
- **3.** Color is light at differing wave lengths. **Hue** is full or diffused light and most often refers to a change in a **primary color**, red, yellow, and blue, or the **seven principal colors** on the visible spectrum—red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo (or blue-violet) and violet.
- 4. Light Value is the comparative lightness or darkness of an object, i.e., the amount of light reflected on its surface. Light Value is used in achromatic works, consisting of black, white, or grey, and chromatic ones, those having color. Light Source, showing a source of light and shading, may also influence Light Value.
- 5. Space is primarily divided into foreground, middle ground, and background.
- 6. Plane is a flat surface having a direction in space.
- 7. Subject matter is the actual thing, figure, or scene represented.
- 8. Media is stone, wood, canvas or any material to which oil paint, dye, pigment can be applied and layered. Included in media is the texture of the surface.
- **9. Balance** or **Composition** is the overall arrangement of the above formal elements. **Balance** is **symmetrical**, where an axis or line divides an exact correspondence of parts on either side, or **asymmetrical**, where an equilibrium exists between each side, **or** has **radial symmetry**, equidistant parts of a circle emerging from a center point.
- **10. Emotional Intensity** or Passion is the emotion, mood or tone the viewer feels and receives directly before the work. The feeling may be joy, sorrow, wonder, etc.
- **11. Value** is the importance of work to society. It can be historic i.e., the first of its kind, religious or spiritual, societal or communal, political or psychological.
- 12. Artistic Unity is the harmonizing of the above elements into a work of visual beauty.