Music 354.2 Contemporary Music after 1945 Spring '10 MW 4<sup>th</sup> period L. Lipkis

Text: Morgan, Twentieth Century Music

week	date	chapter	topic	Listening (journal entries in bold)
1	Jan. 18, 20		Music of the Holocaust	Klein: String Trio, (ii) Krása: Brundibár, (Act I, sc. i-ii, viii; Act II, sc. vii) Ullmann: The Emperor of Atlantis (Finale) Schoenberg: Survivor from Warsaw
2	Jan. 25, 27	13	Jazz after 1945 and	Parker/Gillespie: "Shaw 'Nuff'' Davis: "So What" Coleman: "Lonely Woman"
			Copland	Copland: Music for the Theatre (ii: Dance, iii: Interlude, iv: Burlesque)  Piano Variations (theme and first three variations)  Rodeo (iii: Saturday Night Waltz; iv: Hoe-Down)  Dance Panels: (ii: Allegretto con tenerezza, iii: Scherzando)
3	Feb. 1, 3	13	More Music in the U.S.	Barber: Adagio for Strings Cowell: "The Banshee" Partch: Barstow #1-3 (to 3:25) Varèse: Intégrales
4	Feb. 8, 10	12	England after WW I.	Walton: Façade ("Fanfare," and "Hornpipe,"); Henry V ("Agincourt") Tippett: A Child of Our Time (Part II, nos. 9-16) Britten: Peter Grimes, (end of Prologue; Act II, sc. 1; Serenade for Tenor, Horn, and Strings ("Dirge")
5	Feb. 15, 17	14	Listening and Short Answer Quizzes no. 1 (weeks 1-5)	Villa-Lobos: Choros no. 10; Bachianas Brasileiras no. 5 (i) Chavez: Xochipilli Ginastera: Estancia ("Danza final")

6	Feb. 22, 24*	15	Historical Context and Post- Modernism  *Post-Modernism Day Listening Journal no. 1 due on the Wed. the 24th	Golijov: La Pasion Segun San Marcos (opening through "First Announcement") Piazzolla: Hora Cero Bernstein: Mass (IV. Confession); Overture to Candide Daugherty: Metropolis Symphony ("Red Cape Tango")
7	Mar. 1, 3		More Americana	Dello Joio: Sonata #3 (1 <sup>st</sup> mov.) Walker: Variations for Piano; Lilacs (iii) Zwilich: Concerto Grosso 1985 (i) Larsen: Water Music (i)
8	Mar. 8, 10		Spring break!	
9	Mar.15, 17*	16, 17	Integral Serialism and Indeterminancy  *Indeterminancy Day	Messiaen: Modes de Valeurs et d'Intensités; Vingt Regards sur l'Enfant Jesu (v); Quartet for the End of Time (iii-v) Stravinsky: Agon (movs. 1-4) Cage: Sonata V; Aria Stockhausen: Zyklus
10	Mar. 22, 24	18	Innovations in Form and Texture  Listening and Short Answer Quizzes no. 2 (weeks 6-10)	Pärt: Cantus in memory of Benjamin Britten Penderecki: Threnody for the Victims of Hiroshima Górecki: Symphony no. 3 (i) Carter: String Quartet no. 3 (opening through bar 44)
11	Mar. 29, 31	19	The New Pluralism	Berio: Sinfonia (movs. 2 and 3) Crumb: Black Angels (Part I) Rochberg: Music for the Magic Theatre (Act II) Davis: X (Act. I, sc. 2)
12	Apr. 5, 7*		Power Point Projects Due	
13	Apr. 12, 14	20	Minimalism and the New Tonality  *Minimalism Day Listening Journal no. 2	Reich: Music For Eighteen Musicians (Pulses); Different Trains (movs. 1 and 2); Glass: Einstein on the Beach (Act IV, sc. 3: "Spaceship"); The Hours ("I'm Going to Make a Cake") Bryars: Jesus' Blood Never Failed Me Yet

			due on the Wed. the 14th	
14	Apr. 19, 21	21	Music and the External World	Corigliano: Symphony no. 1 ("Tarantella" and "Giulio's Song")  Adams: On the Transmigration of Souls;  Doctor Atomic ("Batter my Heart")
15	Apr. 26, 28	22	Technology; Music from the Composers' Concert**	Stockhausen: Gesange der Jünglinge Lansky: Six Fantasies on a Poem by Thomas Campion TBA

<sup>\*</sup> Non-mandatory. Participation or lack thereof will have no effect on your grade. Details will be discussed in class.

# **Grading**

2 listening journals	40%
2 short answer quizzes	10%
2 listening quizzes	10%
PowerPoint project	10%
Attendance/Class participation	10%
Final	20%

## Attendance policy:

Your attendance is expected at all class meetings. You will be allowed one unexcused absence without penalty. **After that, your final grade will be lowered by a fraction of a grade for each unexcused absence**. (e.g.: the highest grade possible with two unexcused absences is an A-, with three a B+, etc.) Absences are excused only with a note from the Health Center or equivalent health professional. If you are unable to come to class because of a weather-related problem, or other circumstances beyond your control, you must let me know within 24 hours after the absence.

#### Tardiness policy:

Class begins at 11:30, and if you are not in your seat at that time, you will be marked tardy. **Two tardies are equivalent to one unexcused absence**. If you feel there is a compelling reason why you were tardy, you must see me immediately after class.

## Other policies:

You are expected to come prepared for class. This means that you should 1) listen to the music to be discussed that week **before** coming to class, as well as 2) be able to say something about the piece and its composer, if called upon to do so.

Listening journals that are submitted late but within 24 hours of the due date will receive a fraction of a grade reduction. Journals submitted later than that will be docked a full letter grade.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Mandatory attendance. If you are unable to attend this concert, you will receive an alternate assignment that will be due on the day of the concert.

It is *always* better to take a late grade than to plagiarize in order to get the journal in on time. Please review the section on plagiarism in the Academic Honesty section of the Student Handbook (available online) and if you have any questions about what constitutes plagiarism, please see me.

Remember: the Music Library is a non-circulating collection. Scores and other material placed on the reserve shelves must not be removed from the library except for purposes of legal photocopying or if permission has been given by a member of the faculty or staff. If you remove scores from the library, you are depriving your fellow students the opportunity to complete the assignment.

Students are expected to observe all of the College's policies on Academic Honesty and Disruptive Classroom Behaviors, as specified in the Student Handbook. Please turn off all cell phones before entering the classroom.

#### What to include in a listening journal entry

Write about a page or so for each composition. Submit the pieces in the order they appear above. Begin each entry at the top of the page and include the following:

- 1. Name of piece
- 2. Name of composer
- 3. Date of composition
- 4. Genre (ballet, string quartet, etc.)

Each entry should be divided into three parts. Parts 1 and 3 should each comprise about ¼ of the length, with part 2 making up the remaining half.

- 1. Introduction: Give a brief background on the composer and the specific piece you are discussing.
- 2. Analysis: Describe the form of the piece, its harmonic/melodic language, use of text (if relevant), programmatic aspects (if relevant); stylistic features, etc. Include a brief discussion of any other elements of music that seem particularly significant.
- 3. Comparison: Compare this piece with other pieces with which you are familiar. Some useful comparisons are: other works by this composer; other works by composers of this nationality and/or time period; other works in a similar genre (songs, strings quartets, etc.). Be sure to explain your comparisons; *please be specific*! After you make a musical comparison, you may, if you wish, also find an analogous work in the other arts, such as painting, literature, etc.

### Helpful tips to improve your journal grades:

- The most important part of the entry is the analysis section. Make sure your information is accurate and has sufficient detail. Always give the big picture first (form, plot of opera, etc.) before going into the details. If there is a text, or if the piece is programmatic, be sure to relate the music to the words and story.
- Refer to measure or rehearsal numbers in the score, not CD timings (unless no score is available).
- Avoid clichés and vague writing ("this piece is really interesting and has lots of depth to it;" "there are lots of 20<sup>th</sup> century-type sounds in this piece," "there are a lot of chromatics," etc.)

- Grammar and spelling count! Don't just rely on spell checks.
- Remember: songs are songs and instrumental pieces are instrumental pieces!
- Make sure your writing is lively and interesting to read.
- Avoid redundancy, saying the same thing twice, or repeating yourself

### **Guidelines for PowerPoint Project\***

You will work in teams of 4, 5, or 6 to create a PowerPoint presentation on a specific topic (see below).

Depending on the amount of text per slide, there should be at least twelve slides *total* and no more than twenty-five (see examples on reserve shelf).

The next-to-last slide must contain a bibliography that should have at least six entries. You should have a mix of printed and online sources.

The last slide must contain a clear explanation of the division of labor in creating the project. Every member of the team must be involved in the research, writing, and design/construction of the project. Each team member must have autonomy over his or her topic.

There is a graded speaking component to this assignment that will equal 50% of your total grade for the project. Each student in the team will give a brief oral presentation of about 5-8 minutes. Your grade will be lowered if you run over by more than one minute. You should use musical examples, if appropriate to your topic. Internet will be available, so you can embed YouTube clips or other visual or audio sources. The examples you use should be concise and specific to your topic and not be treated as background music to the oral presentation. *Also, be sure to check the proper pronunciation of any words or names in a foreign language*.

The project should be submitted on a CD or emailed directly to me. The project is due by class time on Apr. 5th. (If emailed, it should be sent the day before class).

# Topics:

You may select a subject that is one of the topics on the syllabus, or you may create your own topic that is more specific, subject to my approval. Avoid specific topics that have been covered in detail in class. Once I approve a topic, you may not change it without consulting me first.

### Helpful tips to improve your grade:

- Make sure you choose a topic that is not too broad.
- Take full advantage of the medium so that your slides have a good mix of text and graphics.
- Stay within the 5-8 minute limit.
- Leave time for musical examples and make sure they are relevant to your talk
- Check your pronunciation carefully
- Avoid distracting fonts and special effects (tempting as they may be)
- Don't just read verbatim from the slides or your notes
- Use teamwork to make your presentation (and those of your teammates) effective.

• PRACTICE YOUR PRESENTATION BEFORE YOU DELIVER IT

PowerPoint Project Grading Rubrics		
Each s	tudent receives an individual grade on his or her presentation.	
Conter	nt (50%)	
1.	Topic itself (well-focused; not too broad, not too narrow; appropriate amount of detail; accuracy, etc.)	
2.	Design of PowerPoint (mix of text and graphics; legibility of text; logical flow from one slide to the next)	
3.	Bibliography (good, reliable, and recent sources; mix of printed and online)	
Oral P	resentation (50%)	
1.	Organization (staying within time limit of 5 to 8 minutes; time well-budgeted; good use of audio examples if appropriate to topic; evidence of teamwork)	
2.	Delivery itself (clarity of voice, smooth, flowing presentation, eye contact with audience; grammar, pronunciation of names and terms.	

## Outcomes for MU 352.2 and 354.2 (as listed in the Departmental Self Study, 2000)

By the conclusion of the two-term course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- 1. describe the major historical styles in 20<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup> century music (e.g., Impressionism, Serialism, Neo-Classicism, Minimalism, etc.)
- 2. describe the compositional styles of major composers in the 20<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup> centuries (e.g., Debussy, Schoenberg, Stravinsky, Glass, Adams, etc.)
- 3. recognize standard repertoire from the canon of 20<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup> centuries.
- 4. analyze scores of pieces of contemporary music.
- 5. present a multimedia report on a topic related to contemporary music.
- 6. synthesize information on contemporary music with larger issues related to 20<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup> century topics in the arts, sciences, and politico-socio and global environments.