

## Genetics Home Page

### Pre-course survey

Here's the link to the pre-course survey.

### News

August 26, 2009. Bonzo has two mommies. And a daddy. Scientists have improved DNA-transfer techniques so that they can now exclude mitochondrial DNA, resulting in eggs which bear nuclear DNA from one mother and mitochondrial DNA from another. Although this has only been shown to work in rhesus macaques so far, it has the potential to impact human in vitro reproduction (and reproductive case law as well). ([read more](#))

July 31, 2009. Sweet! According to an article in *Science*, "If you take your coffee without sugar or your pancakes without syrup, chances are you've got some European ancestry in your blood. New research reveals that people whose early relatives lived in Europe are more sensitive to sweet tastes than those whose ancestors came from other parts of the world." ([read more](#))

From a few years ago: "Word that genetic researchers had discovered a cell of rice contains more genes than a human cell caused widespread outrage as people across the globe attempted to prove that humans are easily as smart as a grain of rice." ([read more](#))

### Classes

Lectures will be held in Room 116, Priscilla Payne Hurd Academic Complex Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 7:50 am to 8:40 am

### Lab

Lab meets in Room 301, Collier Hall of Science

Wednesday afternoons from 1:15 to 4:15

Thursday afternoons from 12:45 to 3:45

Friday afternoons from 1:15 to 4:15

### Text

The text required for this course is the 7th edition of *Genetics: Analysis of Genes and Genomes*, by Daniel Hartl and Elizabeth Jones<sup>1</sup>, published by Jones<sup>2</sup> and Bartlett, 2009.

Our text has (surprise!) an associated website.

<sup>1</sup>No relation.

<sup>2</sup>Also no relation<sup>3</sup>.

<sup>3</sup>To me, anyway<sup>4</sup>.

<sup>4</sup>I can't speak to the author's relationship<sup>5</sup>.

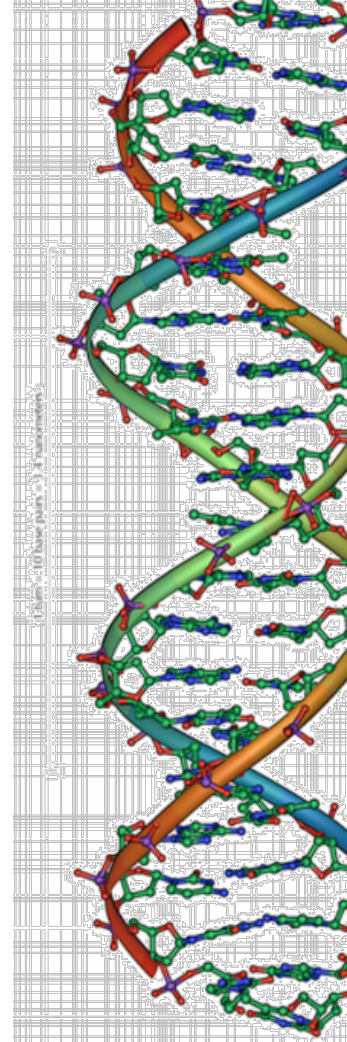
<sup>5</sup>Jones's, that is<sup>6</sup>.

<sup>6</sup>Or Hartl's for that matter, I suppose.

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For reasons that are not entirely clear to me, Moravian College considers this to be a personal page. Therefore it is incumbent on me to point out that "The views expressed on this page are the responsibility of the author, Christopher Jones (cjones-at-moravian-dot-edu) and do not necessarily reflect Moravian College or Moravian Theological Seminary policies or official positions."

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## Course Objectives

This is a one-semester course intended to give you a solid grounding in genetics, one of the keys (some would indeed argue **the** key) to understanding all the rest of biology. As Theodosius Dobzhansky famously said, "Nothing makes sense except in the light of evolution." Well, evolution doesn't make sense except in the light of genetics.

By the end of the semester, you should have an understanding of (and appreciation for):

- mitosis and meiosis
- the principles governing inheritance
- genetic linkage and recombination
- chromosomal and molecular mutations
- the basic structures and roles of DNA, RNA, and proteins
- the basic molecular processes governing genetic function
- quantitative genetics
- population and evolutionary genetics
- the techniques used in modern genetic investigations
- what kinds of questions can be answered using genetics

You should be able to:

- predict and interpret the outcomes of genetic crosses
- read and understand primary articles in the genetics literature
- articulate current events in genetics research
- describe your research findings in standard AIMRD format
- use a pooter

## Course Policies

Below you will find various course policies, including:

- Reading
- Late Assignments
- Extra Credit
- Food
- Cell Phones and their ilk
- Lab Conduct
- Group Lab Reports
- Studying Genetics
- Academic Honesty

It's important that you be in class. As you will discover, there will be no lecture notes for me to give you should you miss a meeting, no little PowerPoint handouts. Classes will be devoted to reviewing the topic(s) for the day, informed by your preparatory reading. Needless to say, that reading is critical to your ability to participate in class, clarify any difficulties you're having, and succeed in learning as much as you can about genetics.

I do not grade on a curve, so I hope that each of you will do your best to help your fellow students: if they benefit, it does you no harm. In fact, one of the best ways to learn something is to explain it to someone else, so talk to your classmates (see "Studying Genetics" below). Grades for this course will be determined as follows:

I'm going to be using the point system for this course, so you don't have to worry about calculating percentages for individual components. I'll try to keep an up-to-date total here on the website, so you can always determine your grade so far by comparing what you've earned with the max possible. (And don't you just hate Max, that little weenie?) Given my grading scale (see below), you can therefore calculate your own grade in the course at any time.

You want to learn genetics. I want to help you learn genetics. **Quizzes** are a demonstrably valuable tool to help learning. Ergo, I will be giving quizzes throughout the semester. They will be very low-impact individually, but I expect they will cumulatively be worth 100 points or so by the end of the semester. If you're not in class for a quiz, there will be no opportunity to make it up. However, I will be dropping several of the lowest quiz grades, so missing a few quizzes won't do your grade irreparable harm.

There will be three **exams** not including the final. Each will focus primarily on the material covered since the previous exam, but anything covered during the semester up to that point is fair game. The final will be semi-cumulative: about half of the exam will focus on material since the previous hour exam, but the other half will range over material from the entire semester. The three hour-exams will each contribute 100 points toward your final grade, and the final exam will contribute 200 points.

There will be no make-up exams except in cases where I had advanced warning of your missing the exam, or you were unable to notify me due to circumstances beyond your control. Note that in **any** case, I may decide not to allow a make-up exam regardless of circumstance.

**Homework problem sets** will be assigned. I will be selecting them throughout the semester, based on our pace and what I feel will be most helpful to you. I will assign points to these based on how difficult I feel they are. As I don't have them all mapped out, I can't know how much they will contribute to your final grade, but I estimate around 600 points or so.

(I may, at my discretion, drop the lowest grade from the homework assignments. Note my use of the term "may" — i.e. do not count on this.)

I will probably give occasional **miscellaneous assignments** over the course of the semester. These will be worth whatever points I announce at the time. Late assignments **will not be accepted**. I anticipate that there will be a total of 100 to 200 points in this category by the end of the semester.

**Class participation** will necessarily be somewhat subjective, but will encompass just that: participating in class. Asking questions, answering questions, being prepared to discuss whatever topics arise, doing your share of the work in lab — you're not children, you know what is meant by the term "participation." I assume a certain amount of participation on everyone's part; I will award up to 25 points for participation "above and beyond" at the end of the semester toward your final grade. Conversely, I will also dock up to 25 points for anyone who is not holding up their end in class.

Keeping an accurate, legible, and comprehensible **laboratory notebook** is an *absolute requirement* of this course. I've ordered lab notebooks for you to use for this course. We will go over some strategies for keeping notes in lab the first week. I will collect the copies (make sure you know how the notebook works!) throughout the semester; your lab notes will be worth 200 points.

In addition, I will be asking for formal **lab reports** for our lab experiments. I anticipate having 3 mini-reports and 4 full reports all told, worth a combined total of 750 points. **Laboratory technique** will account for another 50 points of your final grade.

In summary, then:

Quizzes	100 points
Hour Exams	300 points total
Problem Sets	600 points
Misc. Assignments	100-200 points
Laboratory Notebook, Reports, and Technique	1000 points
Final Exam	200 points
<b>Anticipated Total</b>	<b>2300-2400 points</b>

I reserve the right to tweak these distributions as I see fit.

Here is the grading scale I use in all my classes:

	numeric grade		letter grade
93.3 - 100		A	
90.0 - 93.2		A-	
86.7 - 89.9		B+	
83.3 - 86.6		B	
80.0 - 83.2		B-	
76.7 - 79.9		C+	
73.3 - 76.6		C	
70.0 - 73.2		C-	
66.7 - 69.9		D+	
63.3 - 66.6		D	
60.0 - 63.2		D-	

Just to review, this is what the Student Handbook has to say about grades:

**A and A-**

These grades are given for achievement of the highest caliber. They reflect independent work, original thinking, and the ability to acquire and effectively use knowledge.

**B+, B, and B-**

These grades are given for higher than average achievement. Evidence of independent work and original thinking is expected.

**C+, C, and C-**

These grades are given when the student has devoted a reasonable amount of time, effort, and attention to the work of the course and has satisfied the following criteria: familiarity with the content of the course, familiarity with the methods of study of the course, and active participation in the work of the class.

**D+, D, and D-**

These grades are given for unsatisfactory work, below the standard expected by the College. They indicate work which in one or more important aspects falls below the average expected of students for graduation. The work is, however, sufficient to be credited for graduation, if balanced by superior work in other courses.

Note that there isn't a whole lot of emphasis on *knowledge* here (as traditionally defined). Which is odd, but in any event, these descriptions are guidelines, not absolute criteria for a given grade. If you work independently, think originally, and are able to acquire and effectively use knowledge, but don't know squat about genetics at the end of the course, that's simply not "A" work. Context is important, people.

In this course, the reading is critically important. Classtime will be spent discussing the reading for that day; I will not be lecturing. If you don't keep up with the reading — and by that I mean **active** reading, not just using a highlighter — you won't be able to keep up in class, you won't fully understand what's being taught, the class will rapidly become a waste of time for you.

Assignments turned in late will not be accepted. Period.

On a 100-point hour exam, I will give you 110 points-worth of questions. Thus, you can miss (nearly) 10% of the questions on any hour exam and still get the full 100 points. With the exception of these additional points on exams, there will be no opportunity for extra credit in this course. Spend your energy learning the course material; "extra credit" in a college course is almost always a sham and a cheat.

No eating in class, unless you can convince me it's medically necessary. *I don't eat in class!*

Cell phones, like television, are tools of Satan. They are without significant positive value in my world and while I don't expect you to share my view of them, I expect you to spare me from being rudely reminded of their existence. If you are expecting an **urgent** phone call while in class or lab, alert me to that fact ahead of time. Otherwise, if your cell phone goes off in class or lab, you can expect me to penalize you some number of points, based entirely on my whim. Some day this will be looked on as one of my loveable eccentricities, but until then you'll just have to put up with my sociopathy.

My antipathy extends to Blackberries and other such devices as well. If you want to text, tweet, IM, email, browse the web, check your stocks, shop, or anything else that you feel is more important than paying attention in class, go for it. But don't do it in this class: if I notice anything like that going on, I will fail you. For. The. Course. You have been warned.

There is to be **NO** food or drink in the lab at **ANY** time. Rules have gotten stricter, fines have gotten much higher, and the government is coming after undergraduate institutions like never before. If I see any comestibles or potables in lab you will be docked points in accordance with my mood; if I see you put anything into your mouth, I may well dock you several hundred (yes, *hundred*) points. This is a serious infraction of laboratory protocols.

The only thing worse is endangering other students or their data, whether through carelessness or malice. If I find anyone doing something which might result in harm to another student or compromise their experimental results, I will fail the perpetrator for the course. I am by and large a fairly easy-going guy, but there are some things which are simply beyond the pale; this is one of them.

For certain labs I will require group (rather than individual) lab reports. When submitting group reports, please be sure to:

- Use "we," not "I" — this is to be a *group* effort.
- Include the title, date, and the names of your group members.
- Every member of the group must initial the report, indicating that they are satisfied with it and agree to its contents.

If you have any questions about this format, please don't hesitate to ask me.

Science is a collaborative venture. I urge you to get together with your fellow students as much as possible to study the material for this course in groups. Discussing problems, studying for exams with other students, and asking each other questions on the reading assignments are all examples of activities which will benefit you and which I encourage. Obviously you cannot consult with others during exams or quizzes, but the homework may be something of a grey area for many of you. For my courses, you must prepare your own answers to assigned problems, but I feel that getting together with other students in the course to discuss and think through problems together is not only perfectly acceptable, it is a very good idea. If you have arrived at what you believe to be the correct answer, put it aside for fifteen minutes before writing it down; this way you can be more confident that you really know what it is you're saying, and your answers won't be identical to your partners'.

Note that the idea of collaborative learning in this way does not mean that you should ask for answers from others who have already taken this or a similar course, nor should you just accept an answer from a classmate whom you think is likely to be right. Everybody is mistaken sometimes, and if you don't understand **why** his or her answer is the right one, well, then you don't understand it. And that is not where you want to be. Conversely, if you're sure you've got the right answer, don't just tell your study group and be done with it. Try to help them arrive at the same conclusion you did step by step; someone else may come up with a very different view of the problem which forces you to rethink your approach. And rethinking your approach, even if it doesn't turn out to change your mind about your answer, is critical to your success as a scientist.

My concern is not that you "learn" genetics, seeing it as a (very large) pile of facts, but that you **understand** it. Your fellow students and I are resources to help you; it's up to you to do the work necessary to gain that understanding.

You should expect to spend *at least* 2 hours studying on your own for every hour in the classroom. At a *minimum*. That's true for every class, not just mine. If you're content to just slouch through, willing to trade a better grade in the course for whatever you think is more important than your studies, you're welcome to do so. But if you want to excel, not only for the sake of a higher mark on your transcript, but also for the sake of your own intellectual development, you owe it to yourself to put in enough effort that you can honestly say to yourself at the end of the semester, "I did my best, and I learned as much as I could in that course." If you do, I'll do everything I can to make this a worthwhile experience for you.

I adhere to the Academic Honesty policy of the College. There is nothing more important to me than personal integrity — not happiness, not power, not even genetics, nothing — and I conduct myself and all of my classes in that spirit. If you're not familiar with College policy, you should be.

Per Moravian College policy: "Students who wish to request accommodations in this class for a disability should contact Mr. Joe Kempfer, Assistant Director of Learning Services for Disability Support, 1307 Main Street (extension 1510). Accommodations cannot be provided until authorization is received from the office of Learning Services."

## Syllabus

Meeting number	Date	In-Class	Background Reading
1	Mon., Aug. 31	organizational meeting	
2	Wed., Sept. 2	DNA and proteins overview	chapter 1 sections 1.1–1.3
3	Fri., Sept. 4	genetics overview	chapter 1 sections 1.4–1.8
	Mon., Sept. 7	No Class (Labor Day)	
4	Wed., Sept. 9	DNA structure and analysis	chapter 2 sections 2.1–2.3
5	Fri., Sept. 11	PCR and DNA markers	chapter 2 sections 2.4–2.7
6	Mon., Sept. 14	DNA replication and sequencing	chapter 6 sections 6.1, 6.2, and 6.7
7	Wed., Sept. 16	Transcription and mRNA	chapter 10 sections 10.1–10.4
8	Fri., Sept. 18	Translation and the genetic code	chapter 10 sections 10.6 and 10.8
9	Mon., Sept. 21	Bacterial genetics	chapter 9 sections 9.1–9.4
10	Wed., Sept. 23	<b>hour exam</b>	chapters 1, 2, 6, and 10
11	Fri., Sept. 25	Bacteriophage genetics	chapter 9 sections 9.5–9.6
12	Mon., Sept. 28	Genetic segregation	chapter 3 sections 3.1–3.3
13	Wed., Sept. 30	Probability and pedigrees	chapter 3 sections 3.4–3.5
14	Fri., Oct. 2	Incomplete dominance and epistasis	chapter 3 section 3.6
15	Mon., Oct. 5	Mitosis and meiosis	chapter 4 sections 4.1–4.3
16	Wed., Oct. 7	Sex-linkage and $\chi$ -square analysis	chapter 4 sections 4.4–4.6
17	Fri., Oct. 9	Linkage, recombination, and mapping	chapter 5 sections 5.1–5.2
	Mon., Oct. 12	No Class (Fall Break)	
18	Wed., Oct. 14	More mapping	chapter 5 sections 5.3–5.6
19	Fri., Oct. 16	paper	
20	Mon., Oct. 19	paper	
21	Wed., Oct. 21	<b>hour exam</b>	chapters 3, 4 and 9
22	Fri., Oct. 23	Chromosome structure	chapter 7 sections 7.1, 7.3–7.5, and 7.7
23	Mon., Oct. 26	Chromosomal abnormalities	chapter 8 sections 8.1–8.2
24	Wed., Oct. 28	Chromosomal mutations	chapter 5 sections 8.2, 8.3, and 8.7
25	Fri., Oct. 30	Transcriptional regulation	chapter 11 sections 11.1–11.3
26	Mon., Nov. 2	Genetic Engineering	chapter 12 sections 12.1–12.3 and 12.6
27	Wed., Nov. 4	Developmental genetics	chapter 13 sections 13.1–13.3
28	Fri., Nov. 6	Mutations	chapter 14 sections 14.1 and 14.2–14.4
29	Mon., Nov. 9	<b>hour exam</b>	chapters 5, 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13
30	Wed., Nov. 11	Mutagens	chapter 14 sections 14.3 and 14.5
31	Fri., Nov. 13	Overcoming mutations	chapter 14 sections 14.6 and 14.7

32	Mon., Nov. 16	Cell cycle and cancer	chapter 15 sections 15.1–15.3 and 15.6
33	Wed., Nov. 18	Extranuclear genetics	chapter 16 sections 16.1–16.3
34	Fri., Nov. 20	Molecular evolution & population genetics I	chapter 17 sections 17.1–17.2
35	Mon., Nov. 23	Population genetics II	chapter 17 sections 17.4–17.8
	Wed., Nov. 25	No Class (Thanksgiving Break)	
	Fri., Nov. 27	No Class (Thanksgiving Break)	
36	Mon., Nov. 30	Complex traits I	chapter 18 sections 18.1–18.3
37	Wed., Dec. 2	Complex traits II	chapter 18 sections 18.4–18.7
38	Fri., Dec. 4	paper	
39	Mon., Dec. 7	paper	
40	Wed., Dec. 9	paper & review	
	Thurs., December 17 1:30 pm	<b>FINAL EXAM</b>	

Life is fluid, so this syllabus is subject to change. I may have to change the syllabus to best help you learn about genetics, but this is certainly preferable to rigidly adhering to some timetable in lockstep. So come to class and you'll always know what's going on with the syllabus; changes will of course also be posted here, but you should be in class anyway!

## Exams

Here are the ground rules for all of my exams (unless I explicitly tell you otherwise):

- Write your exam in pen, not pencil.
- Don't forget to write your name on the front page!
- Only calculators may be used during exams — no cell phones/PDAs/other electronic gizmos
- There are 110 total points possible on my exams; I will only count questions you get right, which means that you can miss up to 10 points and still get a hundred for the exam. So I recommend doing what you're most sure of first, then struggling with the more difficult questions.
- Guess if you must, but don't b.s. and don't "core-dump" — answer the questions directly and concisely.
- If you feel that a question cannot be answered as it is stated without making an assumption, go ahead and make that assumption, but **note** that you are making it!
- No question should require more than three sentences to answer; if you think you have to write more, go ahead, but it shouldn't be necessary. Feel free to continue on the back of the page, but **note** that you are doing so! It's your responsibility to make clear to me which is your (final) answer in all cases.
- If someone is absent for an exam, don't discuss the exam with **anyone** until I say otherwise.



## Lab Syllabus

Week	Date	Activity
1	Sept. 2–4	Lab orientation & overview handling flies examine wild-type flies and begin life-cycle observations collect and plate bacterial sample
2	Sept. 9–11	set up bacterial 16S PCR reactions examine and score mutant line for mapping set up mapping cross 1
3	Sept. 16–18	fly genetic nomenclature basics review and set up mapping crosses 2 & 3 run agarose gel on 16S PCR samples <b>Drosophila life cycle lab report due</b>
4	Sept. 23–25	examine and score $F_1$ flies from mapping cross 1 flip to fresh vials to generate $F_2$ BLAST basics begin collecting mutant virgin females for mapping crosses 2 & 3 examine and score $F_1$ flies from mapping crosses 2 & 3
5	Sept. 30–Oct. 2	cross appropriate males to virgin mutant females to generate $F_2$ receive P-element mapping cross vial analyze bacterial 16S sequences review lab report format
6	Oct. 7–9	examine and score $F_2$ flies from mapping cross 1 begin collecting virgin mutant females for mapping cross 4 <b>bacterial identification lab report due</b>
7	Oct. 14–16	examine and score $F_2$ flies from mapping crosses 2 & 3 set up mapping cross 4 (a or b, as appropriate) <b>mapping lab mini-report 1 due</b>
8	Oct. 21–23	begin collecting virgin $F_1$ females from mapping cross 4 <b>mapping lab mini-report 2 due</b>
9	Oct. 28–30	examine and score $F_1$ flies from mapping cross 4 set up cross to generate $F_2$ for mapping cross 4 examine and score $F_2$ progeny from P-element mapping cross
10	Nov. 4–6	<b>P-element mapping cross mini-report due</b>
11	Nov. 11–13	examine and score $F_2$ flies from mapping cross 4 PV92 population genetics lab
12	Nov. 18–20	<b>mapping lab report due before Thanksgiving break!</b>
13	Nov. 25–27	[no lab — Thanksgiving break]
14	Dec. 2–4	evolutionary genetics lab <b>PV92 lab report due</b>

Life is fluid, so this syllabus is subject to change. I don't anticipate any significant deviations, but remember that it's written in electrons, not stone.

## Prof. Jones

If you ever have questions that you can't answer yourself using the textbook, the Web, or even (gasp!) *thinking*, realize that there are other resources available to you: your classmates and me. This is part of my job, and one which I don't shirk. Depending on what the problem is, the most reliable method is probably email (I sometimes don't realize I have voicemail for a day or two). My email address is `cjones [at] moravian [dot] edu` and my office (and lab) phone number is 610-861-1614.

If you need to speak with me sometime when I'm not on campus (a rare event!), call me at home any time between 9 am and 9 pm. Students often tell me they don't feel comfortable calling me at home because they think I mind. Consider the logic here: there's nothing that says I have to give you my home phone number, yet I have done so in class. So *why* would I give you that number if I didn't want you to use it? Note that "use" is not the same thing as "abuse:" don't call me at 3 am the day before an assignment is due and expect much sympathy (or pleasant conversation)!

Here's a copy of my current class schedule. My official office hours are from 9 am to 10 am Mondays and Fridays and from 11:30 am to 12:30 pm Thursdays. If I'm not in my office (Room 310, Collier Hall of Science), try my lab (Room 233, Collier Hall of Science — between the elevator and the loading dock on the main floor). That said, feel free to get hold of me any time; if I can't spare the time to talk then, I'll tell you so, and we can set up an appointment at our mutual convenience.